

# Homework 2

Quantum Computation Theory  
Instructor: Dr. Anna Vershynina

Deadline: March 5, 2020

1. Show that the evolution  $\mathcal{N}(\rho) = \sum_m M_m \rho M_m^*$  is completely positive, where  $M_m$  are measurement operators such that  $\sum_m M_m^* M_m = I$ .

2. Verify that the action of the dephasing channel on the Bloch vector is

$$\frac{1}{2}(I + r_x X + r_y Y + r_z Z) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(I + (1 - 2p)r_x X + (1 - 2p)r_y Y + r_z Z).$$

3. Let the density operator has the following matrix form

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 + r_z & r_x - ir_y \\ r_x + ir_y & 1 - r_z \end{bmatrix},$$

where  $\mathbf{r} = (r_x, r_y, r_z)$  is such that  $\|\mathbf{r}\| \leq 1$ . Show that the eigenvalues of a general qubit density operator with density matrix representation in the previous problem are as follows:

$$\frac{1}{2}(1 \pm \|\mathbf{r}\|).$$

4. Prove that a state  $|\psi\rangle$  of a composite system  $AB$  is a product state if and only if it has Schmidt number 1. Prove that  $|\psi\rangle$  is a product state if and only if  $\rho^A$  (and thus  $\rho^B$ ) are pure states.

5. Show that randomly applying the Pauli operators I, X, Y, Z with uniform probability to any density operator gives the maximally mixed state

$$\frac{1}{4}\rho + \frac{1}{4}X\rho X + \frac{1}{4}Y\rho Y + \frac{1}{4}Z\rho Z = \frac{1}{2}I.$$

6. Show that the following operators are the Kraus operators for the quantum erasure channel

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{1 - \epsilon}(|0\rangle^B \langle 0|^A + |1\rangle^B \langle 1|^A), \\ \sqrt{\epsilon}|\epsilon\rangle^B \langle 0|^A, \\ \sqrt{\epsilon}|\epsilon\rangle^B \langle 1|^A. \end{aligned}$$

7. Write a short summary of the most interesting news story that you've seen regarding quantum computation/information theory.