

Math 1431  
Section 16679

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# Questions?

# Derivatives Review

## Rules:

$$(1) f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$(2) \frac{d}{dx}(c) = 0, c \text{ any constant}$$

$$(3) \frac{d}{dx}(x) = 1$$

$$(4) \frac{d}{dx}(x^p) = p x^{p-1}$$

$$(5) \frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \pm g(x)] = f'(x) \pm g'(x)$$

$$(6) \frac{d}{dx}(c \cdot f(x)) = c \cdot f'(x)$$

# Derivatives Review

$$(7) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = f'(x) \cdot g(x) + f(x) \cdot g'(x)$$

$$(8) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right) = \frac{f'(x) \cdot g(x) - f(x) \cdot g'(x)}{(g(x))^2}$$

$$(9) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{1}{g(x)} \right) = \frac{-g'(x)}{(g(x))^2}$$

$$(10) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[f(g(x))] = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

$$(11) \quad \frac{d}{dx} (f^{-1}(x)) = (f^{-1})'(x) = \frac{1}{f'(f^{-1}(x))}$$

# Derivatives Review

**Formulas:** (note:  $u$  is a function of  $x$ )

$$(1) \frac{d}{dx}(\sin(x)) = \cos(x)$$

$$(2) \frac{d}{dx}(\cos(x)) = -\sin(x)$$

$$(3) \frac{d}{dx}(\tan(x)) = \sec^2(x)$$

$$(4) \frac{d}{dx}(\sec(x)) = \sec(x) \tan(x)$$

$$(5) \frac{d}{dx}(\cot(x)) = -\csc^2(x)$$

$$(6) \frac{d}{dx}(\csc(x)) = -\csc(x) \cot(x)$$

# Derivatives Review

$$(7) \frac{d}{dx}(\sinh(x)) = \cosh(x)$$

$$(8) \frac{d}{dx}(\cosh(x)) = \sinh(x)$$

$$(9) \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x$$

$$(10a) \frac{d}{dx}(a^x) = a^x \ln(a)$$

$$(10b) \frac{d}{dx}(a^u) = a^u \ln(a) u'$$

$$(11a) \frac{d}{dx}(\ln(x)) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$(11b) \frac{d}{dx}(\ln(u)) = \frac{u'}{u}$$

# Derivatives Review

$$(12) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\log_a(x)) = \frac{1}{x \ln(a)}$$

$$(13a) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\arctan(x)) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$(13b) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\arctan(u)) = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$$

$$(14a) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\arcsin(x)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$(14b) \quad \frac{d}{dx}(\arcsin(u)) = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$$



# Integration Review

## Properties of the Integral:

$$(1) \int_a^b f(x) dx = - \int_b^a f(x) dx$$

$$(2) \int_a^a f(x) dx = 0$$

$$(3) \int_a^b k f(x) dx = k \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

$$(4) \int_a^b [f(x) + g(x)] dx = \int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_a^b g(x) dx$$

$$(5) \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^c f(x) dx + \int_c^b f(x) dx \quad (a < c < b)$$

# Integration Review

$$(6) \int_a^b F'(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

$$(7) \frac{d}{dx} \int_a^x f(t) dt = f(x)$$

$$(8) \frac{d}{dx} \int_a^{g(x)} f(t) dt = f(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

$$(9) \frac{d}{dx} \int_{h(x)}^{g(x)} f(t) dt = f(g(x)) \cdot g'(x) - f(h(x)) \cdot h'(x)$$

# Integration Review

## Integration Formulas:

$$(1) \int x^p dx = \frac{x^{p+1}}{p+1} + C, \quad p \neq -1$$

$$(2) \int \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) + C$$

$$(3) \int \cos(x) dx = \sin(x) + C$$

$$(4) \int \sec^2(x) dx = \tan(x) + C$$

$$(5) \int \csc^2(x) dx = -\cot(x) + C$$

$$(6) \int \sec(x) \tan(x) dx = \sec(x) + C$$

# Integration Review

$$(7) \int \csc(x) \cot(x) dx = -\csc(x) + C$$

$$(8) \int \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln |x| + C$$

$$(9) \int \tan(x) dx = -\ln |\cos(x)| + C = \ln |\sec(x)| + C$$

$$(10) \int \sec(x) dx = \ln |\sec(x) + \tan(x)| + C$$

$$(11) \int \sinh(x) dx = \cosh(x) + C$$

$$(12) \int \cosh(x) dx = \sinh(x) + C$$

# Integration Review

$$(13) \int e^x dx = e^x + C$$

$$(14) \int a^x dx = \frac{1}{\ln(a)} a^x + C$$

$$(15) \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \arctan(x) + C$$

$$(16) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \arcsin(x) + C$$

$$(17) \int \frac{1}{a^2+u^2} du = \frac{1}{a} \arctan\left(\frac{u}{a}\right) + C$$

$$(18) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2-u^2}} du = \arcsin\left(\frac{u}{a}\right) + C$$

# Popper 23

$$\textcircled{1} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(x) dx =$$

# Final Review

- 15 m/c
- 3 f/r (with multiple parts each)
- Covers ch 1-6

Email Questions from practice final and review sheet!!!