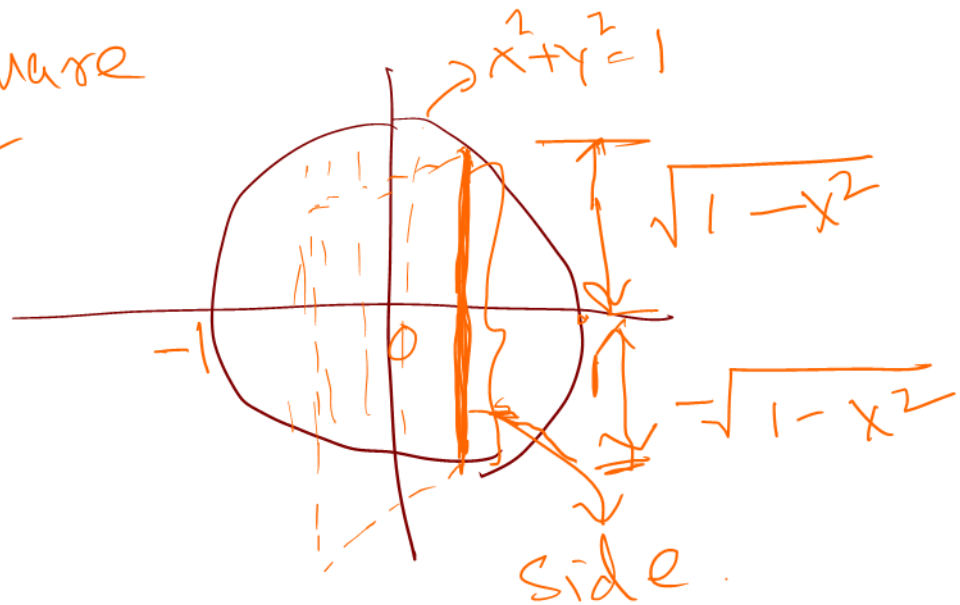


Lab day 2

The base of a solid is the region bounded by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. Find the volume of the solid given that the cross sections perpendicular to the x-axis are squares.

Area of a square
 $= (\text{side})^2$



$$\text{side} = 2(\sqrt{1-x^2})$$

$$\text{Volume} = 2 \int_0^1 (2\sqrt{1-x^2})^2 dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\int_{-1}^1 (2\sqrt{1-x^2})^2 dx \right) \\ &= 2 \int_0^1 4(1-x^2) dx \\ &= 8 \left. x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right|_0^1 = 8 \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} \right) \\ &= \frac{16}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Volume: $f(x) = 4x$ $g(x) = x^3$

first quadrant

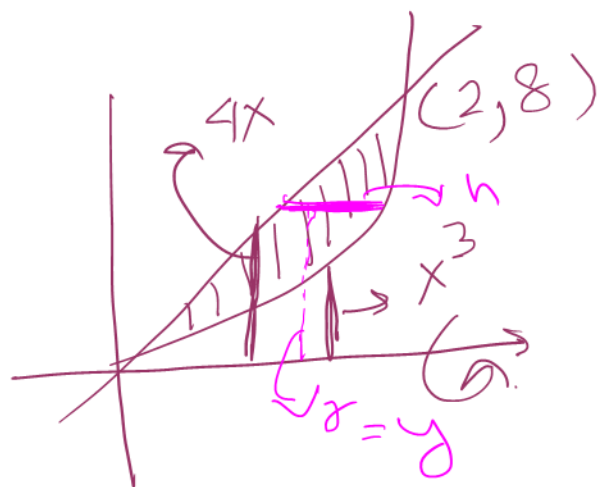
$$4x - x^3 = 0$$

$$x(4 - x^2) = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$4 - x^2 = 0$$

$$x = \pm 2$$



x-axis

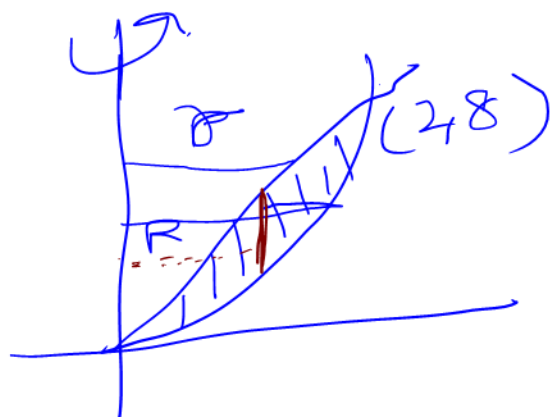
washer: $\pi \int_0^2 (R^2 - r^2) dx = \pi \int_0^2 (4x)^2 - (x^3)^2 dx$

Shell: $2\pi \int_0^8 r h dy = \int_0^8 2\pi y (y^{1/3} - \frac{1}{4}) dy$

y-axis

washer: $\pi \int_0^8 (y^{1/3})^2 - (\frac{1}{4})^2 dy$

shell: $2\pi \int_0^2 x (4x - x^3) dx$



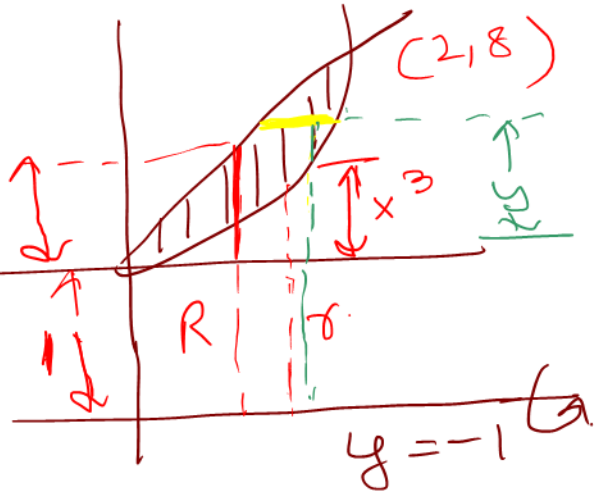
$$f(x) = 4x \quad g(x) = x^3$$

1st quad.

Rotated $y = -1$

Washer:

$$\pi \int_0^2 (1+4x)^2 - (1+x^3)^2 dx$$



Shell: \downarrow

$$2\pi \int_0^8 (1+y) \left(y^{1/3} - \frac{y}{4} \right) dy$$

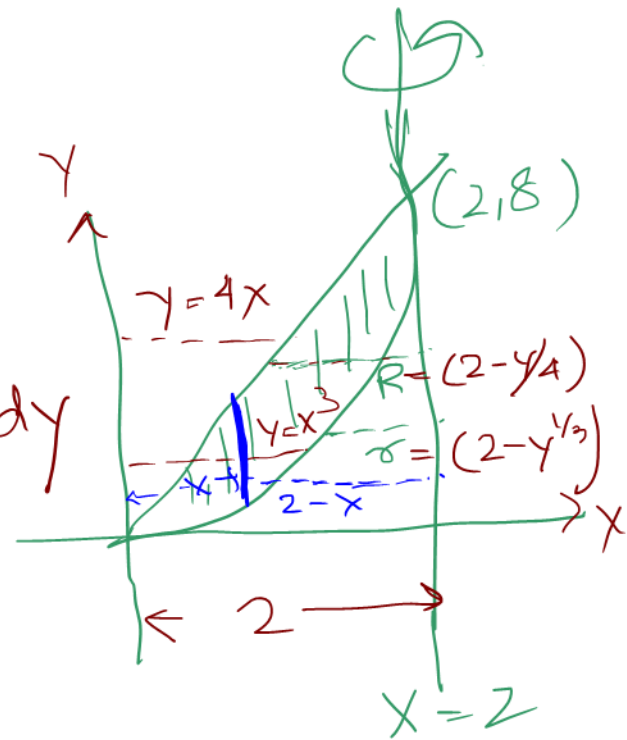
$$R = (1+4x)$$

$$r = (1+x^3)$$

Rotated about $x = 2$

Washer:

$$\pi \int_0^8 \left(2 - \frac{y}{4} \right)^2 - \left(2 - y^{1/3} \right)^2 dy$$



Shell: \downarrow

$$2\pi \int_0^2 (2-x) (4x - x^3) dx$$

$$f(x) = |4x| \quad [-5, 5]$$

$$\text{Avg value} = \frac{1}{5 - (-5)} \int_{-5}^5 |4x| dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} \int_{-5}^5 |4x| dx$$

$$|2| = 2 \quad |-2| = 2 \quad (-(-2) = 2)$$

$$f(x) = |x| = \begin{cases} x, & x \geq 0 \\ -x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-5}^5 |4x| dx &= \int_{-5}^0 -(4x) dx + \int_0^5 4x dx \\ &= -2x^2 \Big|_{-5}^0 + 2x^2 \Big|_0^5 \\ &= -(2 \cdot 0^2 - 2 \cdot (-5)^2) + 2 \cdot 5^2 \\ &= 50 + 50 = 100 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Avg value} = \frac{100}{10} = 10$$