

Homework 4

1. A spherical wave is a solution of the three-dimensional wave equation of the form $U(r, t)$, where r is the distance to the origin (the spherical coordinate)

The wave equation takes the form

$$U_{tt} = c^2 \left(U_{rr} + \frac{2}{r} U_r \right) \quad (\text{spherical wave equation})$$

a). Solve the equation (Hint: Use the change of variable $v = ru$).

b). Solve the spherical wave equation with initial conditions $U(r, 0) = \phi(r)$ and $U_t(r, 0) = \psi(r)$ taking both $\phi(r)$ and $\psi(r)$ to be even functions of r .

2. Solve

$$\begin{cases} U_{xx} + U_{xt} - 2c U_{tt} = 0 \\ U(x, 0) = \phi(x), U_t(x, 0) = \psi(x) \end{cases}$$

3. For the damped string,

$$\cancel{U_{tt}} U_{tt} - c^2 U_{xx} + \pi U_t = 0, \quad \text{for } \pi > 0$$

Show that the energy decreases.

4. Consider a solution of the diffusion equation $U_t = U_{xx}$ in $0 \leq x \leq L, 0 \leq t < +\infty$.

i). Let $M(T)$ be the maximum of $U(x,t)$ in the rectangle $\{0 \leq x \leq L, 0 \leq t \leq T\}$.

Does $M(T)$ increase or decrease as a function of T ?

ii) Let $m(T)$ be the minimum of $U(x,t)$ in the rectangle $\{0 \leq x \leq L, 0 \leq t \leq T\}$.

Does $m(T)$ increase or decrease as a function of T ?

5. Consider the diffusion equation

$$U_t = U_{xx} \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad 0 < t < +\infty$$

(BC) $U(0,t) = U(1,t) = 0$ for all t

(IC) $U(x,0) = 4x(1-x)$ for $x \in [0,1]$

i) Show that $0 < U(x,t) < 1$ for all $t > 0$
and $0 < x < 1$

ii) Show that
 $U(x,t) = U(1-x,t)$ for all $t \geq 0$
and $0 < x < 1$

iii) Use the energy method to show
that $\int_0^1 U^2 dx$ is strictly decreasing
function of t .